



General description

Chloroquine is a medication used to prevent and to treat malaria in areas where malaria is known to be sensitive to its effects. It is also used as a disease-modifying agents in rheumatoid disorders.

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| INN | Chloroquine |
| ATC codes | P01BA01 |
| Medicine type | Chemical agent |
| EML status history | First added in 1977 (TRS 615) for Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Added in 1977 (TRS 615) for Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax Added in 1987 (TRS 770) for Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Added in 1987 (TRS 770) for Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax Added in 1987 (TRS 770) for Malaria due to Plasmodium ovale Added in 1987 (TRS 770) for Malaria due to Plasmodium malariae Added in 1997 (TRS 882) for Rheumatoid arthritis Removed in 2007 (TRS 946) for Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Removed in 2007 (TRS 946) for Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum |
| Wikipedia | Chloroquine  |
| DrugBank | Chloroquine  |

Recommendations

Section Antimalarial medicines > For curative treatment

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 40 mg per mL in 5 mL ampoule (as hydrochloride, phosphate or sulfate)

Oral > Liquid: 50 mg per 5 mL syrup (as phosphate or sulfate)

Oral > Solid: 150 mg tablet (as phosphate or sulfate); 100 mg tablet (as phosphate or sulfate)

Indications

Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum

Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax

Section Antimalarial medicines > For chemoprevention

Oral > Liquid: 50 mg per 5 mL syrup (as phosphate or sulfate)

Oral > Solid: 150 mg tablet (as phosphate or sulfate)

Indications

Malaria due to *Plasmodium vivax*

Malaria due to *Plasmodium falciparum*

Malaria due to *Plasmodium ovale*

Malaria due to *Plasmodium malariae*

Section Disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs)

Oral > Solid: 100 mg tablet (as phosphate or sulfate); 150 mg tablet (as phosphate or sulfate)

Indications

Rheumatoid arthritis

