

Anti-D immunoglobulin

Statut de médicament essentiel

Description générale

Anti-D immunoglobulin also known as Rh0 (D) immunoglobulin is a human immunoglobulin used to prevent a RhD negative mother from forming antibodies to fetal rhesus-positive cells which may pass into the maternal circulation, with the aim of protecting any subsequent child against haemolytic disease of the newborn. It is also given following transfusion of Rh0 (D) incompatible blood.

Codes ATC

[J06BB01](#)

Type de médicament

Biological agent

Historique des statuts LME

Ajouté pour la première fois en 1977 ([TRS 615](#)) pour [Rh incompatibility reaction](#)

Ajouté en 1977 ([TRS 615](#)) pour [Maternal care for red cell antibodies](#)

Wikipédia

[Anti-D immunoglobulin](#)

DrugBank

[Anti-d immunoglobulin \(Human Rho\(D\) immune globulin\)](#)

Recommandations

Section

Human immunoglobulins

- Parenteral > General injections > IV: 250 µg in single-dose vial
- Parenteral > General injections > IM: 250 µg in single-dose vial

Indications

[Rh incompatibility reaction Maternal care for red cell antibodies](#)