

## Amikacin

## Section

## Access group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg per mL in 2 mL vial (as sulfate); 50 mg per mL in 2 mL vial (as sulfate)

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg per mL in 2 mL vial (as sulfate)

## Antituberculosis medicines

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg per mL in 2 mL vial (as sulfate)

## Indications

## Premier choix

Neutropenia (high-risk)

co-prescrire avec cefotaxime

Inflammatory and other diseases of prostate (severe)

co-prescrire avec cefotaxime

Acute pyelonephritis (severe)

co-prescrire avec ceftriaxone

Inflammatory and other diseases of prostate (severe)

co-prescrire avec ceftriaxone

Acute pyelonephritis (severe)

## Second choix

co-prescrire avec cloxacillin

Sepsis without septic shock

Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

## Amoxicillin

### Section

#### Access group antibiotics

Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL (as trihydrate) powder for oral liquid; 250 mg per 5 mL (as trihydrate) powder for oral liquid

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in vial (as sodium) powder for injection; 500 mg in vial (as sodium) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as sodium) powder for injection

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 250 mg (scored) (as trihydrate); 500 mg (scored) (as trihydrate)

Oral > Solid > dosage form: 250 mg (as trihydrate); 500 mg (as trihydrate)

Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous) powder for oral liquid; 250 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous) powder for oral liquid

Oral > Solid > dosage form: 250 mg (as trihydrate); 500 mg (as trihydrate); 1 g (as trihydrate)

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - mild to moderate)

Acute malnutrition in infants, children or adolescents (uncomplicated) [children]

Acute malnutrition in infants, children or adolescents (complicated) [children]

Acute pharyngitis

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with acute exacerbation

Periapical abscess without sinus

Acute otitis media

Acute sinusitis

co-prescrire avec gentamicin

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children]

co-prescrire avec gentamicin

Sepsis without septic shock

#### Second choix

Bacterial meningitis

#### Autres indications

Infectious cystitis

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Amoxicillin + clavulanic acid

### Section

#### Access group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500 mg (as sodium salt) + 100 mg (as potassium salt) powder for injection; 1000 mg (as sodium salt) + 200 mg (as potassium salt) powder for injection

Oral > Liquid: 125 mg (as trihydrate) + 31.25 mg (as potassium salt) / 5 mL powder for oral liquid; 250 mg (as trihydrate) + 62.5 mg (as potassium salt) / 5 mL powder for oral liquid

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 200 mg (as trihydrate) + 28.5 mg (as potassium salt); 250 mg (as trihydrate) + 62.5 mg (as potassium salt)

Oral > Solid > tablet: 500 mg (as trihydrate) + 125 mg (as potassium salt); 875 mg (as trihydrate) + 125 mg (as potassium salt)

Oral > Solid > tablet: 500 mg (as trihydrate) + 125 mg (as potassium salt)

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Liquid: 250 mg (as trihydrate) + 62.5 mg (as potassium salt) / 5 mL powder for oral liquid

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 250 (as trihydrate) + 62.5 (as potassium salt)

Oral > Solid > tablet: 500 mg (as trihydrate) + 125 mg (as potassium salt)

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate)

Neutropenia (low-risk)

Other specified pneumonia (Hospital-acquired pneumonia)

Infectious cystitis

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with acute exacerbation

Peritonitis (mild-moderate)

Acute sinusitis

Bacterial cellulitis, erysipelas or lymphangitis

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children]

#### Second choix

Osteomyelitis or osteitis

Acute otitis media

Other specified prophylactic measures

Bacterial infection of joint

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - mild to moderate)

co-prescrire avec clarithromycin

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe)

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

## Ampicillin

### Section

#### Access group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 500 mg in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection

Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous) powder for oral suspension

Oral > Solid: 250 mg (anhydrous); 500 mg (anhydrous)

### Indications

#### Premier choix

co-prescrire avec [gentamicin](#)

Peritoneal abscess (severe)

co-prescrire avec [gentamicin](#)

Sepsis without septic shock

co-prescrire avec [gentamicin](#)

Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate)

co-prescrire avec [gentamicin](#)

Peritonitis (severe)

co-prescrire avec [gentamicin](#)

Acute malnutrition in infants, children or adolescents (complicated) [children]

co-prescrire avec [gentamicin](#)

Peritonitis (mild-moderate)

co-prescrire avec [gentamicin](#)

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children]

#### Second choix

Bacterial meningitis

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Azithromycin

### Section

#### Watch group antibiotics

Oral > Liquid: 200 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous) powder for oral liquid

Oral > Solid > dosage form: 250 mg (anhydrous); 500 mg (anhydrous)

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Chlamydia trachomatis

Typhoid fever

Yaws

Paratyphoid fever

Cholera

Cholera [children]

Trachoma

co-prescrire avec ceftriaxone

Gonococcal infection

#### Second choix

Infectious gastroenteritis or colitis without specification of infectious agent

co-prescrire avec cefixime

Gonococcal infection

## Aztreonam

### Section

#### Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 1 g in vial powder for injection; 2 g in vial powder for injection

### Indications

Other specified bacterial diseases

## Bedaquiline

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid > tablet: 100 mg tablet; 20 mg tablet

### Indications

Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

## Benzathine benzylpenicillin

### Section

#### Access group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IM: 1.2 million IU in vial ( $\approx$  900 mg) powder for injection; 2.4 million IU in vial ( $\approx$  1.8 g) powder for injection

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Syphilis

Congenital syphilis [children]

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Benzylopicillin

### Section

#### Access group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 600 mg in vial powder for injection (=1 million IU as sodium or potassium salt); 3 g in vial powder for injection (=5 million IU as sodium or potassium salt)

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 600 mg in vial powder for injection (= 1 million IU as sodium or potassium salt); 3 g in vial powder for injection (= 5 million IU as sodium or potassium salt)

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Congenital syphilis [children]

Syphilis

co-prescrire avec gentamicin

Sepsis without septic shock

co-prescrire avec gentamicin

Acute malnutrition in infants, children or adolescents (complicated) [children]

co-prescrire avec gentamicin

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children]

#### Second choix

Bacterial meningitis

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Capreomycin

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1000 mg powder for injection (vial)

### Indications

Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

## Cefalexin

### Section

#### Access group antibiotics

Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous) powder for oral liquid; 250 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous) powder for oral liquid

Oral > Solid: 250 mg (as monohydrate)

Oral > Solid: 250 mg (as monohydrate); 500 mg (as monohydrate)

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 125 mg; 250 mg

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Bacterial cellulitis, erysipelas or lymphangitis

#### Second choix

Acute pharyngitis

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with acute exacerbation

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Cefazolin

### Section

#### Access group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 1 g in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Other specified prophylactic measures

co-prescrire avec metronidazole

Other specified prophylactic measures

#### Second choix

Osteomyelitis or osteitis

Bacterial infection of joint

#### Autres indications

Surgical site infection

## Cefepime

### Section

#### Watch group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 500 mg in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection; 2 g in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection

### Indications

Other specified bacterial diseases

## Cefiderocol

### Section

#### Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1 g in vial (as sulfate tosylate) powder for injection

### Indications

Carbapenem-resistant *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*

Carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales

## Cefixime

### Section

#### Watch group antibiotics

Oral > Liquid: 100 mg per 5 mL powder for oral liquid

Oral > Solid: 200 mg (as trihydrate); 400 mg (as trihydrate)

### Indications

#### Second choix

Infectious gastroenteritis or colitis without specification of infectious agent

co-prescrire avec azithromycin

Gonococcal infection

## Cefotaxime

### Section

#### Watch group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt)

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 500 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 1 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 2 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt)

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Other specified pneumonia (Hospital-acquired pneumonia)

Bacterial meningitis

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children]

co-prescrire avec amikacin

Inflammatory and other diseases of prostate (severe)

co-prescrire avec amikacin

Acute pyelonephritis (severe)

co-prescrire avec clarithromycin

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe)

co-prescrire avec metronidazole

Peritonitis (severe)

co-prescrire avec metronidazole

Peritonitis (mild-moderate)

co-prescrire avec metronidazole

Peritoneal abscess (severe)

co-prescrire avec metronidazole

Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate)

#### Second choix

Osteomyelitis or osteitis

Bacterial infection of joint

Inflammatory and other diseases of prostate (mild to moderate)

Acute pyelonephritis (mild to moderate)

Sepsis without septic shock

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Ceftaroline

### Section

#### Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 400 mg in vial (as fosamil) powder for injection; 600 mg in vial (as fosamil) powder for injection

### Indications

Other specified bacterial diseases

## Ceftazidime

### Section

#### Watch group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in vial (as pentahydrate) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as pentahydrate) powder for injection

### Indications

#### Premier choix

co-prescrire avec [vancomycin](#)

[Endophthalmitis](#)

#### Autres indications

[Pseudomonas aeruginosa resistant to other antibiotic](#)

## Ceftazidime + avibactam

### Section

#### Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 2 g in vial + 0.5 g in vial powder for injection

### Indications

[Carbapenem-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa](#)

[Carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales](#)

## Ceftolozane + tazobactam

### Section

#### Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1 g + 0.5 g powder for injection

### Indications

[Carbapenem-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa](#)

## Ceftriaxone

### Section

#### Watch group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 1 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt)

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 500 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 1 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 2 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt)

Parenteral > Locoregional injections > Intravitreal: 250 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 500 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 1 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 2 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt)

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 500 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 1 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt)

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 2 g in vial; 250 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 500 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 1 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt)

### Indications

#### Premier choix

[Typhoid fever](#)

[Bacterial pneumonia \(Community-acquired pneumonia - severe\) \[children\]](#)

[Paratyphoid fever](#)

[Other specified pneumonia \(Hospital-acquired pneumonia\)](#)

[Bacterial meningitis](#)

co-prescrire avec [amikacin](#)

[Acute pyelonephritis \(severe\)](#)

co-prescrire avec [amikacin](#)

[Inflammatory and other diseases of prostate \(severe\)](#)

co-prescrire avec [azithromycin](#)

[Gonococcal infection](#)

co-prescrire avec [clarithromycin](#)

[Bacterial pneumonia \(Community-acquired pneumonia - severe\)](#)

co-prescrire avec metronidazole

Necrotising fasciitis

co-prescrire avec metronidazole

Peritonitis (mild-moderate)

co-prescrire avec metronidazole

Peritonitis (severe)

co-prescrire avec metronidazole

Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate)

co-prescrire avec metronidazole

Peritoneal abscess (severe)

co-prescrire avec vancomycin

Endophthalmitis

### Second choix

Bacterial infection of joint

Osteomyelitis or osteitis

Infectious gastroenteritis or colitis without specification of infectious agent

Sepsis without septic shock

Inflammatory and other diseases of prostate (mild to moderate)

Acute pyelonephritis (mild to moderate)

### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Cefuroxime

### Section

#### Watch group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 250 mg in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection; 750 mg in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection; 1.5 g in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection

### Indications

#### Second choix

Other specified prophylactic measures

## Chloramphenicol

### Section

#### Access group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1 g in vial powder for injection (sodium succinate)

Parenteral > General injections > IM: 500 mg in 2 mL ampoule oily suspension for injection

Oral > Liquid: 150 mg per 5 mL (as palmitate)

Oral > Solid: 250 mg capsule

### Indications

#### Second choix

Bacterial meningitis

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Ciprofloxacin

### Section

#### Watch group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 2 mg per mL (as hyclate)

Oral > Liquid: 250 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous)

Oral > Solid: 250 mg (as hydrochloride)

Oral > Solid > dosage form: 250 mg (as hydrochloride); 500 mg (as hydrochloride); 100 mg (as hydrochloride)

Oral > Solid > dosage form: 250 mg (as hydrochloride); 500 mg (as hydrochloride)

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Neutropenia (low-risk)

Inflammatory and other diseases of prostate (mild to moderate)

Typhoid fever

Paratyphoid fever

Infectious gastroenteritis or colitis without specification of infectious agent

Acute pyelonephritis (mild to moderate)

#### Second choix

Cholera

Cholera [children]

co-prescrire avec metronidazole

Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate)

co-prescrire avec metronidazole

Peritonitis (mild-moderate)

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Clarithromycin

### Section

#### Watch group antibiotics

Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL powder for oral liquid; 250 mg per 5 mL powder for oral liquid

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 500 mg in vial powder for injection

Oral > Solid > dosage form: 500 mg; 250 mg

Oral > Solid > dosage form: 500 mg

### Indications

#### Premier choix

co-prescrire avec cefotaxime

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe)

co-prescrire avec ceftriaxone

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe)

#### Second choix

Acute pharyngitis

co-prescrire avec amoxicillin + clavulanic acid

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe)

#### Autres indications

Helicobacter pylori associated gastric ulcer

## Clindamycin

### Section

#### Access group antibiotics

Oral > Liquid: 75 mg per 5 mL (as palmitate hydrochloride)

Oral > Solid: 150 mg (as hydrochloride) capsule

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 150 mg per mL (as phosphate) injection

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 150 mg per mL (as phosphate); 600 mg per 4 mL (as phosphate); 900 mg per 6 mL (as phosphate)

Oral > Liquid: 75 mg per 5 mL powder for oral liquid (as palmitate hydrochloride)

Oral > Solid: 150 mg (as hydrochloride)

### Indications

#### Premier choix

co-prescrire avec piperacillin + tazobactam

Necrotising fasciitis

#### Second choix

Osteomyelitis or osteitis

Bacterial infection of joint

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Clofazimine

### Section

#### Antileprosy medicines

Oral > Solid > dosage form: 100 mg; 50 mg

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid > dosage form: 100 mg; 50 mg

### Indications

Leprosy

Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

## Cloxacillin

### Section

#### Access group antibiotics

Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL (as sodium salt) powder for oral liquid  
Oral > Solid: 500 mg (as sodium salt) capsule; 1 g (as sodium salt) capsule  
Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 500 mg in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection  
Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL (as sodium salt) powder for oral liquid; 250 mg per 5 mL (as sodium salt) powder for oral liquid  
Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 500 mg in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection; 250 mg in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection  
Oral > Solid > capsule: 500 mg (as sodium salt); 1 g (as sodium salt); 250 mg (as sodium salt)

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Bacterial infection of joint

Osteomyelitis or osteitis

Bacterial cellulitis, erysipelas or lymphangitis

#### Second choix

co-prescrire avec amikacin

Sepsis without septic shock

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Colistin (injection)

### Section

#### Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 1 million IU in vial (as colistemetate sodium)  
Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 1 million IU in vial (as colistemetate sodium) (equivalent to 34 mg colistin base activity)

### Indications

Other specified bacterial diseases

Carbapenem resistant *Acinetobacter baumannii*

Carbapenem-resistant *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*

Carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales

## Cycloserine

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid > dosage form: 250 mg; 125 mg

### Indications

Multi-drug resistant *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

## Dapsone

### Section

#### Antileprosy medicines

Oral > Solid: 100 mg tablet; 50 mg tablet; 25 mg tablet

### Indications

Leprosy

## Daptomycin

### Section

#### Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 350 mg in vial powder for injection; 500 mg in vial powder for injection

### Indications

Other specified bacterial diseases

## Delafloxacin

### Section

#### Watch group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 300 mg lyophilized powder for injection

Oral > Solid: 450 mg

### Indications

Methicillin resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*

## Delamanid

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 25 mg

Oral > Solid > tablet: 50 mg

### Indications

Multi-drug resistant *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

## Doxycycline

### Section

#### Access group antibiotics

Oral > Liquid: 25 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous); 50 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous)

Oral > Solid: 100 mg (as hyclate); 50 mg (as hyclate)

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 100 mg in vial powder for injection

Oral > Liquid: 25 mg per 5 mL powder for oral liquid (monohydrate); 50 mg per 5 mL (calcium)

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 100 mg (as monohydrate)

Oral > Solid > dosage form: 50 mg (as hyclate); 100 mg (as hyclate)

Oral > Solid > dosage form: 100 mg (as hyclate)

### Indications

#### Premier choix

*Chlamydia trachomatis*

Cholera

#### Second choix

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - mild to moderate)

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with acute exacerbation

Cholera [children]

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Eravacycline

### Section

#### Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 50 mg lyophilized powder for injection

### Indications

Carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales

## Erythromycin

### Section

#### Watch group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500 mg in vial powder for injection (as lactobionate)

Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL (as stearate or ethylsuccinate)

Oral > Solid: 250 mg (as stearate or ethylsuccinate)

### Indications

#### Second choix

Therapeutic equivalent to [clarithromycin](#) pour

Acute pharyngitis

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Ethambutol

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1000 mg per 10 mL; 2000 mg per 20 mL

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 100 mg

Oral > Solid > tablet: 100 mg (hydrochloride); 400 mg (hydrochloride)

### Indications

Other specified tuberculosis

Tuberculosis

## Ethambutol + isoniazid

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid: 400 mg + 150 mg tablet

### Indications

Tuberculosis

## Ethambutol + isoniazid + pyrazinamide + rifampicin

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid: 275 mg + 75 mg + 400 mg + 150 mg tablet

### Indications

Tuberculosis

## Ethambutol + isoniazid + rifampicin

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid: 275 mg + 75 mg + 150 mg tablet

### Indications

Tuberculosis

## Ethionamide

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 125 mg

Oral > Solid > tablet: 250 mg

### Indications

Tuberculous meningitis

Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

## Fifth generation cephalosporins

### Section

Reserve group antibiotics

.

### Indications

Other specified bacterial diseases

## Flomoxef

### Section

Watch group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 0.5 g in vial powder for injection; 1 g in vial powder for injection

### Indications

Other specified other antibiotic resistant Enterobacterales

## Fosfomycin (injection)

### Section

Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 2 g in vial (as sodium) powder for injection; 4 g in vial (as sodium) powder for injection

### Indications

Other specified bacterial diseases

Carbapenem resistant *Acinetobacter baumannii*

Carbapenem-resistant *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*

Carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales

## Fourth generation cephalosporins

### Section

Watch group antibiotics

.

### Indications

Other specified bacterial diseases

## Gatifloxacin

### Section

Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid: 200 mg; 400 mg

### Indications

Multi-drug resistant *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

# Gentamicin

## Section

### Access group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 10 mg per mL in 2 mL vial (as sulfate); 40 mg per mL in 2 mL vial (as sulfate)

## Indications

### Premier choix

Neonatal meningitis

co-prescrire avec amoxicillin

Sepsis without septic shock

co-prescrire avec amoxicillin

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children]

co-prescrire avec ampicillin

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children]

co-prescrire avec ampicillin

Sepsis without septic shock

co-prescrire avec ampicillin

Acute malnutrition in infants, children or adolescents (complicated) [children]

co-prescrire avec ampicillin

Peritoneal abscess (severe)

co-prescrire avec ampicillin

Peritonitis (mild-moderate)

co-prescrire avec ampicillin

Peritonitis (severe)

co-prescrire avec ampicillin

Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate)

co-prescrire avec benzylpenicillin

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children]

co-prescrire avec benzylpenicillin

Acute malnutrition in infants, children or adolescents (complicated) [children]

co-prescrire avec benzylpenicillin

Sepsis without septic shock

### Second choix

Other specified prophylactic measures

Gonococcal infection

### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Imipenem + cilastatin

### Section

#### Watch group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 250 mg (as monohydrate) + 250 mg (as sodium salt) powder for injection; 500 mg (as monohydrate) + 500 mg (as sodium salt) powder for injection

#### Antituberculosis medicines

### Indications

#### Second choix

Therapeutic equivalent to [meropenem](#) pour

Neutropenia (high-risk)

Therapeutic equivalent to [meropenem](#) pour

Peritoneal abscess (severe)

Therapeutic equivalent to [meropenem](#) pour

Peritonitis (severe)

#### Autres indications

Pseudomonas aeruginosa resistant to other antibiotic

Antibiotic resistant Acinetobacter baumannii

Therapeutic equivalent to [meropenem](#) pour

Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

## Imipenem + cilastatin + relebactam

### Section

#### Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500 mg + 500 mg + 250 mg powder for injection

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500 mg (as monohydrate) + 500 mg (as sodium) + 250 mg (as monohydrate) powder for injection

### Indications

Other specified other antibiotic resistant Enterobacterales

Carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales

Carbapenem-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa

## Isoniazid

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 100 mg per mL

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 100 mg (scored)

Oral > Solid > tablet: 100 mg; 300 mg

### Indications

Other specified tuberculosis

Tuberculosis

## Isoniazid + pyrazinamide + rifampicin

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 50 mg + 150 mg + 75 mg

### Indications

Tuberculosis

## Isoniazid + rifampicin

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 50 mg + 75 mg

Oral > Solid > tablet: 75 mg + 150 mg; 150 mg + 300 mg

### Indications

Tuberculosis

## Isoniazid + rifapentine

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid: 300 mg + 300 mg tablet (scored)

### Indications

Latent tuberculosis

## Kanamycin (injection)

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1000 mg powder for injection (vial)

### Indications

Multi-drug resistant *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

## Levofloxacin

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 100 mg

Oral > Solid > tablet: 250 mg; 500 mg; 750 mg

### Indications

Multi-drug resistant *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

## Linezolid

### Section

#### Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 2 mg per mL in 300 mL bag

Oral > Liquid: 100 mg per 5 mL powder for oral liquid

Oral > Solid: 400 mg tablet; 600 mg tablet

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 150 mg

Oral > Solid > tablet: 600 mg

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 150 mg (scored)

Oral > Solid > tablet: 600 mg

### Indications

Other specified bacterial diseases

Methicillin resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*

Vancomycin resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*

Vancomycin resistant *Enterococcus*

Multi-drug resistant *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

## Meropenem

### Section

#### Watch group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500 mg in vial (as trihydrate) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as trihydrate) powder for injection

#### Antituberculosis medicines

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500 mg in vial (as trihydrate) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as trihydrate) powder for injection

### Indications

#### Second choix

Neutropenia (high-risk)

Peritoneal abscess (severe)

Peritonitis (severe)

Neonatal meningitis

Multi-drug resistant *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

## Meropenem + vaborbactam

### Section

#### Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1 g in vial + 1 g in vial powder for injection

### Indications

Carbapenem-resistant *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*

Carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales

Carbapenem resistant *Acinetobacter baumannii*

## Metronidazole

### Section

#### Access group antibiotics

Oral > Liquid: 200 mg per 5 mL (as benzoate)

Oral > Solid: 200 to 500 mg tablet

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 500 mg per 100 mL in vial

#### Injection

Local > Rectal > Suppository: 500 mg; 1 g

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 500 mg per 100 mL in vial

Oral > Solid > tablet: 200 mg; 250 mg; 400 mg; 500 mg

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Intestinal infections due to *Clostridioides difficile*

Trichomoniasis

co-prescrire avec cefazolin

Other specified prophylactic measures

co-prescrire avec cefotaxime

Peritonitis (severe)

co-prescrire avec cefotaxime

Peritonitis (mild-moderate)

co-prescrire avec cefotaxime

Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate)

co-prescrire avec cefotaxime

Peritoneal abscess (severe)

co-prescrire avec ceftriaxone

Necrotising fasciitis

co-prescrire avec ceftriaxone

Peritonitis (severe)

co-prescrire avec ceftriaxone

Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate)

co-prescrire avec ceftriaxone

Peritoneal abscess (severe)

co-prescrire avec ceftriaxone

Peritonitis (mild-moderate)

#### Second choix

co-prescrire avec ciprofloxacine

Peritonitis (mild-moderate)

co-prescrire avec ciprofloxacine

Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate)

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Moxifloxacin

### Section

Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid > tablet: 400 mg

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 100 mg

### Indications

Tuberculosis

Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

## Nitrofurantoin

### Section

Access group antibiotics

Oral > Liquid: 25 mg per 5 mL oral liquid

Oral > Solid > dosage form: 100 mg; 50 mg

### Indications

Premier choix

Infectious cystitis

## Ofloxacin

### Section

Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid: 200 mg; 400 mg

### Indications

Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

## Omadacycline

### Section

Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 100 mg lyophilized powder for injection

Oral > Solid: 300 mg

### Indications

Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus

## Oxazolindinones

### Section

Reserve group antibiotics

.

### Indications

Other specified bacterial diseases

## P-aminosalicylate sodium

### Section

Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Liquid: 5.52 g in sachet (equivalent to 4 g p-aminosalicylic acid) powder for oral solution

### Indications

Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

## P-aminosalicylic acid

### Section

Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid: 4 g granules in sachet

### Indications

Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

## Phenoxyethylpenicillin

### Section

Access group antibiotics

Oral > Liquid: 250 mg per 5 mL (as potassium salt) powder for oral liquid

Oral > Solid: 250 mg (as potassium salt) tablet

Oral > Solid: 250 mg (as potassium salt); 500 mg (as potassium salt)

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Acute pharyngitis

Periapical abscess without sinus

Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - mild to moderate)

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Piperacillin + tazobactam

### Section

Watch group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 2 g (as sodium salt) + 250 mg (as sodium salt) powder for injection; 4 g (as sodium salt) + 500 mg (as sodium salt) powder for injection

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Peritoneal abscess (severe)

Other specified pneumonia (Hospital-acquired pneumonia)

Neutropenia (high-risk)

Peritonitis (severe)

co-prescrire avec clindamycin

Necrotising fasciitis

## Plazomicin

### Section

Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500 mg per 10 mL

### Indications

Carbapenem resistant Acinetobacter baumannii

Carbapenem-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa

Carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales

## Polymyxin B (injection)

### Section

Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500000 IU in vial powder for injection (equivalent to 50 mg polymyxin B base)

### Indications

Carbapenem resistant *Acinetobacter baumannii*

Carbapenem-resistant *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*

Carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales

## Polymyxins

### Section

Reserve group antibiotics

### Indications

Other specified bacterial diseases

## Pretomanid

### Section

Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid > tablet: 200 mg

### Indications

Multi-drug resistant *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

## Procaine benzylpenicillin

### Section

Access group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IM: 1 g in vial (=1 million IU) powder for injection; 3 g in vial (=3 million IU) powder for injection

### Indications

Premier choix

Congenital syphilis [children]

Second choix

Syphilis

## Protionamide

### Section

Antituberculosis medicines

### Indications

Therapeutic equivalent to ethionamide pour

Multi-drug resistant *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

## Pyrazinamide

### Section

Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 150 mg

Oral > Solid > tablet: 400 mg; 500 mg

### Indications

Tuberculosis

## Rifabutin

### Section

Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid: 150 mg

### Indications

Tuberculosis

## Rifampicin

### Section

Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Liquid: 20 mg per mL

Oral > Solid: 150 mg; 300 mg

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 600 mg in vial powder for injection

Antileprosy medicines

Oral > Liquid: 20 mg per mL

Oral > Solid: 150 mg; 300 mg

### Indications

Tuberculosis

Other specified tuberculosis

Leprosy

## Rifapentine

### Section

Antituberculosis medicines

Oral > Solid > tablet: 150 mg; 300 mg

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 150 mg

### Indications

Tuberculosis

Latent tuberculosis

## Spectinomycin

### Section

Access group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 2 g in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection

### Indications

#### Second choix

Gonococcal infection

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Streptomycin (injection)

### Section

Antituberculosis medicines

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1 g powder for injection (as sulfate) as vial

### Indications

Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

## Sulfamethoxazole + trimethoprim

### Section

#### Access group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 80 mg + 16 mg per mL in 10 mL ampoule; 80 mg + 16 mg per mL in 5 mL ampoule

Oral > Liquid: 200 mg + 40 mg per 5 mL oral liquid

Oral > Solid: 100 mg + 20 mg tablet; 400 mg + 80 mg tablet; 800 mg + 160 mg tablet

Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 100 mg + 20 mg

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Infectious cystitis

#### Second choix

Infectious gastroenteritis or colitis without specification of infectious agent

#### Autres indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Tedizolid

### Section

#### Reserve group antibiotics

### Indications

Therapeutic equivalent to linezolid pour

Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus

Therapeutic equivalent to linezolid pour

Vancomycin resistant Staphylococcus aureus

Therapeutic equivalent to linezolid pour

Vancomycin resistant Enterococcus

## Terizidone

### Section

#### Antituberculosis medicines

### Indications

Therapeutic equivalent to cycloserine pour

Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

## Tetracycline

### Section

#### Access group antibiotics

Oral > Solid: 250 mg (hydrochloride)

### Indications

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

## Tigecycline

### Section

#### Reserve group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 50 mg in vial powder for injection

### Indications

Other specified bacterial diseases

## Trimethoprim

### Section

Access group antibiotics

Oral > Liquid: 50 mg per mL

Oral > Solid: 100 mg; 200 mg

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Infectious cystitis

## Vancomycin

### Section

Watch group antibiotics

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 250 mg in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection

Oral > Solid > capsule: 125 mg (as hydrochloride); 250 mg (as hydrochloride)

Parenteral > General injections > IV: 250 mg in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection; 500 mg in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection

Parenteral > Locoregional injections > Intravitreal: 250 mg in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection; 500 mg in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection

### Indications

#### Premier choix

Necrotising fasciitis

co-prescrire avec ceftazidime

Endophthalmitis

co-prescrire avec ceftriaxone

Endophthalmitis

#### Second choix

Neutropenia (high-risk)

Intestinal infections due to Clostridioides difficile

#### Autres indications

Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus