Model List of Essential Medicines

Medicines for COVID-19

Section	Indications
Medicines for COVID-19 ◦ Refer to WHO living guidelines	COVID-19

Abacavir

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Nucleoside/Nucleotide reverse transcriptase inhibitors ◦ Oral > Solid: 300 mg tablet (as sulfate)	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Abacavir + dolutegravir + lamivudine

Section	Indications
Fixed-dose combinations of antiretrovirals ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 60 mg (as sulfate) + 5 mg + 30 mg (dispersible, scored)	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Abacavir + lamivudine

Section	Indications
Fixed-dose combinations of antiretrovirals ◦ Oral > Solid: 120 mg (as sulfate) + 60 mg tablet (dispersible, scored)	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Abacavir + lamivudine + lopinavir + ritonavir

Section	Indications
Fixed-dose combinations of antiretrovirals ◦ Oral > Solid: 30 mg + 15 mg + 40 mg + 10 mg capsule containing oral granules	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Aciclovir

Section	Indications
Antiherpes medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 250 mg in vial powder for solution for infusion (as sodium dihydrate); 25 mg per mL in vial solution for infusion (as sodium) ◦ Oral > Liquid: 200 mg per 5 mL ◦ Oral > Solid: 200 mg tablet ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 250 mg in vial powder for solution for infusion (as sodium diihydrate); 25 mg per mL in vial solution for infusion (as sodium)	Zoster Herpes simplex infections Varicella

Albendazole

Section	Indications
Intestinal anthelminthics ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 400 mg (chewable, scored)	Echinococcosis Cysticercosis Hookworm diseases Trichuriasis Ascariasis Enterobiasis
Cysticidal medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 400 mg (chewable, scored); 200 mg (chewable)	Other specified echinococcosis Cysticercosis of central nervous system
Antifilarials ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 400 mg (chewable, scored)	Lymphatic filariasis

Amikacin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 50 mg per mL in 2 mL vial (as sulfate); 250 mg per mL in 2 mL vial (as sulfate) ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg per mL in 2 mL vial (as sulfate); 50 mg per mL in 2 mL vial (as sulfate) ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg per mL in 2 mL vial (as sulfate)	**First choice** Neutropaenia (high-risk) co-prescribed with cefotaxime Acute pyelonephritis (severe) co-prescribed with cefotaxime Inflammatory or other diseases of prostate (severe) co-prescribed with ceftriaxone Acute pyelonephritis (severe) co-prescribed with ceftriaxone Inflammatory or other diseases of prostate (severe)
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg per mL in 2 mL vial (as sulfate)	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Amodiaquine

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for curative treatment ◦ Oral > Solid: 153 mg (as hydrochloride); 200 mg (as hydrochloride)	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax

Amodiaquine - sulfadoxine + pyrimethamine

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for chemoprevention ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 76.5 mg (as hydrochloride) [3] + 250 mg + 12.5 mg [1] in co-package; 153 mg (as hydrochloride) [3] + 500 mg + 25 mg [1] in co-package; 75 mg (as hydrochloride) [3] + 250 mg + 12.5 mg [1] in co-package; 150 mg (as hydrochloride) [3] + 500 mg + 25 mg [1] in co-package	Malaria

Amoxicillin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL (as trihydrate) powder for oral liquid; 250 mg per 5 mL (as trihydrate) powder for oral liquid ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in vial (as sodium) powder for injection; 500 mg in vial (as sodium) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as sodium) powder for injection ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 250 mg (scored) (as trihydrate); 500 mg (scored) (as trihydrate) ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 250 mg (as trihydrate); 500 mg (as trihydrate) ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 250 mg (as trihydrate); 500 mg (as trihydrate); 1 g (as trihydrate) ◦ Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous) powder for oral liquid; 250 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous) powder for oral liquid	**First choice** Acute pharyngitis Periapical abscess without sinus Acute sinusitis Acute otitis media Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with acute exacerbation Acute malnutrition in infants, children or adolescents (uncomplicated) [children] Acute malnutrition in infants, children or adolescents (complicated) [children] Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - mild to moderate) Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children] co-prescribed with gentamicin Sepsis without septic shock **Second choice** Bacterial meningitis **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site Infectious cystitis

Amoxicillin + clavulanic acid

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500 mg (as sodium salt) + 100 mg (as potassium salt) powder for injection; 1000 mg (as sodium salt) + 200 mg (as potassium salt) powder for injection ◦ Oral > Liquid: 125 mg (as trihydrate) + 31.25 mg (as potassium salt) / 5 mL powder for oral liquid; 250 mg (as trihydrate) + 62.5 mg (as potassium salt) / 5 mL powder for oral liquid ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 200 mg (as trihydrate) + 28.5 mg (as potassium salt); 250 mg (as trihydrate) + 62.5 mg (as potassium salt) ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 500 mg (as trihydrate) + 125 mg (as potassium salt); 875 mg (as trihydrate) + 125 mg (as potassium salt) ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 500 mg (as trihydrate) + 125 mg (as potassium salt)	**First choice** Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children] Acute sinusitis Other specified pneumonia (Hospital-acquired pneumonia) Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with acute exacerbation Neutropaenia (low-risk) Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate) Peritonitis (mild-moderate) Infectious cystitis Bacterial cellulitis, erysipelas or lymphangitis **Second choice** Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - mild to moderate) Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) Bacterial infection of joint Acute otitis media Other specified prophylactic measures Osteomyelitis or osteitis **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Liquid: 250 mg (as trihydrate) + 62.5 mg (as potassium salt) / 5 mL powder for oral liquid ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 250 (as trihydrate) + 62.5 (as potassium salt) ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 500 mg (as trihydrate) + 125 mg (as potassium salt)	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Amphotericin B

Section	Indications
Antifungal medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 50 mg in vial powder for injection (liposomal complex); 50 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium deoxycholate)	Candidosis Blastomycosis Cryptococcosis Coccidioidomycosis Aspergillosis Sporotrichosis Histoplasmosis
Antileishmaniasis medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 50 mg in vial powder for injection (liposomal complex); 50 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium deoxycholate)	Visceral leishmaniasis

Ampicillin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 500 mg in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection ◦ Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous) powder for oral suspension ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg (anhydrous); 500 mg (anhydrous)	**First choice** Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children] Acute malnutrition in infants, children or adolescents (complicated) [children] co-prescribed with gentamicin Sepsis without septic shock co-prescribed with gentamicin Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate) co-prescribed with gentamicin Peritoneal abscess (severe) co-prescribed with gentamicin Peritonitis (mild-moderate) co-prescribed with gentamicin Peritonitis (severe) **Second choice** Bacterial meningitis **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Anidulafungin

Section	Indications
Antifungal medicines	Therapeutic equivalent to micafungin for Systemic or invasive candidosis

Ansuvimab

Section	Indications
Medicines for Ebola virus disease ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 400 mg powder for injection	Ebola virus disease

Arpraziquantel

Section	Indications
Antischistosomals and other antitrematode medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 150 mg	Therapeutic equivalent to praziquantel for Schistosomiasis

Artemether

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for curative treatment ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IM: 20 mg per mL in 1 mL ampoule (oily injection); 40 mg per mL in 1 mL ampoule (oily injection)	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax

Artemether + lumefantrine

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for curative treatment ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 20 mg + 120 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 20 mg + 120 mg	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax

Artesunate

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for curative treatment ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 60 mg in vial powder for injection; 30 mg in vial powder for injection; 120 mg in vial powder for injection ◦ Local > Rectal > Other: 100 mg capsules	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax

Artesunate + amodiaquine

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for curative treatment ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 25 mg + 67.5 mg; 50 mg + 135 mg; 100 mg + 270 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 25 mg + 67.5 mg; 50 mg + 135 mg; 100 mg + 270 mg tablet	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax

Artesunate + mefloquine

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for curative treatment ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 25 mg + 50 mg (as hydrochloride); 100 mg + 200 mg (as hydrochloride)	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax

Artesunate + pyronaridine

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for curative treatment ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 60 mg + 180 mg (tetraphosphate) ◦ Oral > Solid > granules: 20 mg + 60 mg (tetraphosphate)	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax

Artesunate - sulfadoxine + pyrimethamine

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for curative treatment ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 50 mg [3] + 500 mg + 25 mg [1] in copackage (scored)	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax

Atazanavir

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Protease inhibitors ◦ Oral > Solid: 100 mg (as sulfate); 300 mg (as sulfate)	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Atazanavir + ritonavir

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Protease inhibitors ◦ Oral > Solid: 300 mg (as sulfate) + 100 mg tablet (heat stable)	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Atoltivimab + maftivimab + odesivimab

Section	Indications
Medicines for Ebola virus disease ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 241.7 mg + 241.7 mg + 241.7 mg in 14.5 mL vial	Ebola virus disease

Azithromycin

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Oral > Liquid: 200 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous) powder for oral liquid ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 250 mg (anhydrous); 500 mg (anhydrous)	**First choice** Cholera Cholera [children] Paratyphoid fever Chlamydia trachomatis Typhoid fever Yaws Trachoma co-prescribed with ceftriaxone Gonococcal infection **Second choice** Infectious gastroenteritis or colitis without specification of infectious agent co-prescribed with cefixime Gonococcal infection

Aztreonam

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 1 g in vial powder for injection; 2 g in vial powder for injection	Other specified bacterial diseases

Bedaquiline

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 100 mg tablet; 20 mg tablet	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Benzathine benzylpenicillin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IM: 1.2 million IU in vial (≈ 900 mg) powder for injection; 2.4 million IU in vial (≈ 1.8 g) powder for injection	**First choice** Congenital syphilis [children] Syphilis **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Benznidazole

Section	Indications
American trypanosomiasis ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 100 mg (scored); 50 mg (scored); 12.5 mg	Chagas disease

Benzylpenicillin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 600 mg in vial powder for injection (=1 million IU as sodium or potassium salt); 3 g in vial powder for injection (=5 million IU as sodium or potassium salt) ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 600 mg in vial powder for injection (= 1 million IU as sodium or potassium salt); 3 g in vial powder for injection (= 5 million IU as sodium or potassium salt)	**First choice** Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children] Acute malnutrition in infants, children or adolescents (complicated) [children] Congenital syphilis [children] Syphilis co-prescribed with gentamicin Sepsis without septic shock **Second choice** Bacterial meningitis **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Capreomycin

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1000 mg powder for injection (vial)	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Caspofungin

Section	Indications
Antifungal medicines	Therapeutic equivalent to micafungin for Systemic or invasive candidosis

Cefalexin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous) powder for oral liquid; 250 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous) powder for oral liquid ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg (as monohydrate); 500 mg (as monohydrate) ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 125 mg; 250 mg ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg (as monohydrate)	**First choice** Bacterial cellulitis, erysipelas or lymphangitis **Second choice** Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with acute exacerbation Acute pharyngitis **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Cefazolin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 1 g in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection	**First choice** Other specified prophylactic measures co-prescribed with metronidazole Other specified prophylactic measures **Second choice** Bacterial infection of joint Osteomyelitis or osteitis **Other indications** Surgical site infection

Cefepime

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 500 mg in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection; 2 g in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection	Other specified bacterial diseases

Cefiderocol

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1 g in vial (as sulfate tosylate) powder for injection	Carbapenem-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa Other carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales Carbapenem resistant Klebsiella pneumoniae Carbapenem resistant Escherichia coli

Cefixime

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Oral > Liquid: 100 mg per 5 mL powder for oral liquid ◦ Oral > Solid: 200 mg (as trihydrate); 400 mg (as trihydrate)	**Second choice** Infectious gastroenteritis or colitis without specification of infectious agent co-prescribed with azithromycin Gonococcal infection

Cefotaxime

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 500 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 1 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 2 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt) ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt)	**First choice** Acute pyelonephritis (severe) Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children] Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) Other specified pneumonia (Hospital-acquired pneumonia) Bacterial meningitis co-prescribed with amikacin Inflammatory or other diseases of prostate (severe) co-prescribed with metronidazole Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate) co-prescribed with metronidazole Peritoneal abscess (severe) co-prescribed with metronidazole Peritonitis (mild-moderate) co-prescribed with metronidazole Peritonitis (severe) **Second choice** Acute pyelonephritis (mild to moderate) Sepsis without septic shock Bacterial infection of joint Inflammatory or other diseases of prostate (mild to moderate) Osteomyelitis or osteitis **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Ceftaroline

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 400 mg in vial (as fosamil) powder for injection; 600 mg in vial (as fosamil) powder for injection	Other specified bacterial diseases

Ceftazidime

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in vial (as pentahydrate) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as pentahydrate) powder for injection	**First choice** Endophthalmitis **Other indications** Pseudomonas aeruginosa resistant to other antibiotic

Ceftazidime + avibactam

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 2 g in vial + 0.5 g in vial powder for injection	Carbapenem-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa Other carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales Carbapenem resistant Klebsiella pneumoniae Carbapenem resistant Escherichia coli

Ceftolozane + tazobactam

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1 g + 0.5 g powder for injection	Carbapenem-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa

Ceftriaxone

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 500 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 1 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 2 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt) ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 500 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 1 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt)	**First choice** Other specified pneumonia (Hospital-acquired pneumonia) Acute pyelonephritis (severe) Paratyphoid fever Typhoid fever Endophthalmitis Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children]

◦ Parenteral > Locoregional injections > Intravitreal: 250 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 500 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 1 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 2 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt) ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 500 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 1 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 2 g in vial ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt); 1 g in vial powder for injection (as sodium salt)	Bacterial meningitis co-prescribed with amikacin Inflammatory or other diseases of prostate (severe) co-prescribed with azithromycin Gonococcal infection co-prescribed with metronidazole Necrotising fasciitis co-prescribed with metronidazole Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate) co-prescribed with metronidazole Peritoneal abscess (severe) co-prescribed with metronidazole Peritonitis (mild-moderate) co-prescribed with metronidazole Peritonitis (severe) **Second choice** Acute pyelonephritis (mild to moderate) Bacterial infection of joint Sepsis without septic shock Infectious gastroenteritis or colitis without specification of infectious agent Inflammatory or other diseases of prostate (mild to moderate) Osteomyelitis or osteitis **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Cefuroxime

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 250 mg in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection; 750 mg in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection; 1.5 g in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection	**Second choice** Other specified prophylactic measures

Chloramphenicol

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1 g in vial powder for injection (sodium succinate) ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IM: 500 mg in 2 mL ampoule oily suspension for injection ◦ Oral > Liquid: 150 mg per 5 mL (as palmitate) ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg capsule	**Second choice** Bacterial meningitis **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Chloroquine

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for chemoprevention ◦ Oral > Liquid: 50 mg per 5 mL syrup (as phosphate or sulfate) ◦ Oral > Solid: 150 mg tablet (as phosphate or sulfate)	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Malaria due to Plasmodium ovale Malaria due to Plasmodium malariae Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for curative treatment ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 40 mg per mL in 5 mL ampoule (as hydrochloride, phosphate or sulfate) ◦ Oral > Liquid: 50 mg per 5 mL syrup (as phosphate or sulfate) ◦ Oral > Solid: 150 mg tablet (as phosphate or sulfate); 100 mg tablet (as phosphate or sulfate) ◦ Oral > Liquid: 50 mg per 5 mL (base) ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 150 mg (base)	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for chemoprophylaxis in travellers ◦ Oral > Liquid: 50 mg per 5 mL (base) ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 150 mg (base)	Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax

Ciprofloxacin

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 2 mg per mL (as hyclate) ◦ Oral > Liquid: 250 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous) ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 250 mg (as hydrochloride); 500 mg (as hydrochloride); 100 mg (as hydrochloride) ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 250 mg (as hydrochloride); 500 mg (as hydrochloride) ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg (as hydrochloride)	**First choice** Acute pyelonephritis (mild to moderate) Paratyphoid fever Typhoid fever Infectious gastroenteritis or colitis without specification of infectious agent Neutropaenia (low-risk) Inflammatory or other diseases of prostate (mild to moderate) **Second choice** Cholera Cholera [children] co-prescribed with metronidazole Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate) co-prescribed with metronidazole Peritonitis (mild-moderate) **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Clarithromycin

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL powder for oral liquid; 250 mg per 5 mL powder for oral liquid ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 500 mg in vial powder for injection ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 500 mg; 250 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 500 mg	**First choice** co-prescribed with cefotaxime Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) co-prescribed with ceftriaxone Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) **Second choice** Acute pharyngitis co-prescribed with amoxicillin + clavulanic acid Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) **Other indications** Helicobacter pylori associated gastric ulcer

Clindamycin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 150 mg per mL (as phosphate); 600 mg per 4 mL (as phosphate); 900 mg per 6 mL (as phosphate) ◦ Oral > Liquid: 75 mg per 5 mL powder for oral liquid (as palmitate hydrochloride) ◦ Oral > Solid: 150 mg (as hydrochloride) ◦ Oral > Liquid: 75 mg per 5 mL (as palmitate hydrochloride) ◦ Oral > Solid: 150 mg (as hydrochloride) capsule ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 150 mg per mL (as phosphate) injection	**First choice** Necrotising fasciitis **Second choice** Bacterial infection of joint Osteomyelitis or osteitis **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Clofazimine

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 100 mg; 50 mg	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis
Antileprosy medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 100 mg; 50 mg	Leprosy

Clotrimazole

Section	Indications
Antifungal medicines ◦ Local > Topical > Other: 1% vaginal cream; 10% vaginal cream; 100 mg vaginal tablet; 500 mg vaginal tablet	Vulvovaginal candidosis

Cloxacillin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL (as sodium salt) powder for oral liquid; 250 mg per 5 mL (as sodium salt) powder for oral liquid ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 500 mg in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection; 250 mg in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection ◦ Oral > Solid > capsule: 500 mg (as sodium salt); 1 g (as sodium salt); 250 mg (as sodium salt) ◦ Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL (as sodium salt) powder for oral liquid ◦ Oral > Solid: 500 mg (as sodium salt) capsule; 1 g (as sodium salt) capsule ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 500 mg in vial (as sodium salt) powder for injection	**First choice** Bacterial infection of joint Osteomyelitis or osteitis Bacterial cellulitis, erysipelas or lymphangitis **Second choice** Sepsis without septic shock **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Cobicistat + elvitegravir + emtricitabine + tenofovir disoproxil fumarate

Section	Indications
Fixed-dose combinations of antiretrovirals ◦ Oral > Solid: 150 mg + 150 mg + 200 mg + 300 mg (tenofovir disoproxil fumarate equivalent to 245 mg tenofovir disoproxil)	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Cobicistat + elvitegravir + emtricitabine+ tenofovir alafenamide

Section	Indications
Fixed-dose combinations of antiretrovirals ◦ Oral > Solid: 150 mg + 150 mg + 200 mg + 10 mg	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Colistin (injection)

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 1 million IU in vial (as colistemethate sodium) ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 1 million IU in vial (as colistemethate sodium) (equivalent to 34 mg colistin base activity)	Other specified bacterial diseases Carbapenem resistant Acinetobacter baumannii Carbapenem-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa Other carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales Carbapenem resistant Klebsiella pneumoniae Carbapenem resistant Escherichia coli

Cycloserine

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 250 mg; 125 mg	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Daclatasvir

Section	Indications
Medicines for hepatitis C > Pangenotypic direct-acting antiviral combinations ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 30 mg (as dihydrochloride); 60 mg (as dihydrochloride)	Chronic hepatitis C

Daclatasvir + sofosbuvir

Section	Indications
Medicines for hepatitis C > Pangenotypic direct-acting antiviral combinations ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 60 mg (as dihydrochloride) + 400 mg	Chronic hepatitis C

Dapsone

Section	Indications
Antileprosy medicines ◦ Oral > Solid: 100 mg tablet; 50 mg tablet; 25 mg tablet	Leprosy

Daptomycin

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 350 mg in vial powder for injection; 500 mg in vial powder for injection	Other specified bacterial diseases

Darunavir

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Protease inhibitors ◦ Oral > Solid: 75 mg; 400 mg; 600 mg; 800 mg	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Dasabuvir

Section	Indications
Medicines for hepatitis C > Non-pangenotypic direct-acting antiviral combinations ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg tablet	Chronic hepatitis C

Delafloxacin

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 300 mg lyophilized powder for injection ◦ Oral > Solid: 450 mg	Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus

Delamanid

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 25 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 50 mg	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Dicloxacillin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics	**First choice** Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Bacterial infection of joint Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Osteomyelitis or osteitis Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Bacterial cellulitis, erysipelas or lymphangitis **Second choice** Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Sepsis without septic shock

Didanosine

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Nucleoside/Nucleotide reverse transcriptase inhibitors ◦ Oral > Liquid: 100 mg buffered powder for oral solution; 167 mg buffered powder for oral solution; 250 mg buffered powder for oral solution ◦ Oral > Solid: 25 mg buffered chewable dispersible tablet; 50 mg buffered chewable dispersible tablet; 100 mg buffered chewable dispersible tablet; 150 mg buffered chewable dispersible tablet; 200 mg buffered chewable dispersible tablet; 125 mg unbuffered enteric coated capsule; 200 mg unbuffered enteric coated capsule; 250 mg unbuffered enteric coated capsule; 400 mg unbuffered enteric coated capsule	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Diethylcarbamazine

Section	Indications
Antifilarials ◦ Oral > Solid: 50 mg tablet (dihydrogen citrate); 100 mg tablet (dihydrogen citrate)	Lymphatic filariasis

Dihydroartemisinin + piperaquine

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for curative treatment ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 20 mg + 160 mg (phosphate); 40 mg + 320 mg (phosphate) ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 40 mg + 320 mg (phosphate); 20 mg + 160 mg (phosphate); 60 mg + 480 (phosphate); 80 mg + 640 mg (phosphate)	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax

Diloxanide

Section	Indications
Antiamoebic and antigiardiasis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid: 500 mg (furoate)	Amoebiasis

Dolutegravir

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Integrase inhibitors ◦ Oral > Solid: 50 mg tablet; 10 mg tablet (dispersible, scored)	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Dolutegravir + lamivudine + tenofovir

Section	Indications
Fixed-dose combinations of antiretrovirals ◦ Oral > Solid: 50 mg + 300 mg + 300 mg (tenofovir disoproxil fumarate equivalent to 245 mg tenofovir disoproxil)	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Doxycycline

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Oral > Liquid: 25 mg per 5 mL powder for oral liquid (monohydrate); 50 mg per 5 mL (calcium) ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 100 mg in vial powder for injection ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 100 mg (as monohydrate) ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 50 mg (as hyclate); 100 mg (as hyclate) ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 100 mg (as hyclate) ◦ Oral > Liquid: 25 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous); 50 mg per 5 mL (anhydrous) ◦ Oral > Solid: 100 mg (as hyclate); 50 mg (as hyclate)	**First choice** Cholera Chlamydia trachomatis **Second choice** Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - mild to moderate) Cholera [children] Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with acute exacerbation **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for chemoprophylaxis in travellers ◦ Oral > Liquid: 50 mg per 5 mL (calcium); 25 mg per 5 mL (monohydrate) powder for oral liquid ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 100 mg (as monohydrate) ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 50 mg (as hyclate); 100 mg (as hyclate)	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for curative treatment ◦ Oral > Solid: 100 mg (hydrochloride or hyclate); 100 mg dispersible tablet (as monohydrate)	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for chemoprevention ◦ Oral > Solid: 100 mg (hydrochloride or hyclate)	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum

Efavirenz

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors ◦ Oral > Solid: 600 mg tablet	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Efavirenz + emtricitabine + tenofovir

Section	Indications
Fixed-dose combinations of antiretrovirals ◦ Oral > Solid: 600 mg + 200 mg + 300 mg (tenofovir disoproxil fumarate equivalent to 245 mg tenofovir disoproxil)	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Efavirenz + lamivudine + tenofovir

Section	Indications
Fixed-dose combinations of antiretrovirals ◦ Oral > Solid: 400 mg + 300 mg + 300 mg (tenofovir disoproxil fumarate, equivalent to 245 mg tenofovir disoproxil)	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified Therapeutic equivalent to efavirenz + emtricitabine + tenofovir for Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Eflornithine

Section	Indications
Medicines for the treatment of 2nd stage African trypanosomiasis ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 200 mg per mL in 50 mL bottle (hydrochloride)	Gambiense trypanosomiasis

Elbasvir + grazoprevir

Section	Indications
Medicines for hepatitis C > Non-pangenotypic direct-acting antiviral combinations ◦ Oral > Solid: 50 mg + 100 mg	Chronic hepatitis C

Emtricitabine

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Nucleoside/Nucleotide reverse transcriptase inhibitors ◦ Oral > Liquid: 10 mg per mL ◦ Oral > Solid: 200 mg	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Emtricitabine + rilpivirine + tenofovir alafenamide

Section	Indications
Fixed-dose combinations of antiretrovirals ◦ Oral > Solid: 200 mg + 25 mg + 25 mg	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Emtricitabine + rilpivirine + tenofovir disoproxil fumarate

Section	Indications
Fixed-dose combinations of antiretrovirals ◦ Oral > Solid: 200 mg + 25 mg + 300 mg (tenofovir disoproxil fumarate equivalent to 245 mg tenofovir disoproxil)	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Emtricitabine + tenofovir

Section	Indications
Fixed-dose combinations of antiretrovirals ◦ Oral > Solid: 200 mg + 300 mg (tenofovir disoproxil fumarate equivalent to 245 mg tenofovir disoproxil)	Contact with or exposure to human immunodeficiency virus Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Emtricitabine + tenofovir alafenamide

Section	Indications
Fixed-dose combinations of antiretrovirals ◦ Oral > Solid: 200 mg + 10 mg; 200 mg + 25 mg	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Entecavir

Section	Indications
Medicines for hepatitis B > Nucleoside/Nucleotide reverse transcriptase inhibitors ◦ Oral > Liquid: 0.05 mg per mL ◦ Oral > Solid: 0.5 mg; 1 mg	Chronic hepatitis B

Eravacycline

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 50 mg lyophilized powder for injection	Other carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales

Erythromycin

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500 mg in vial powder for injection (as lactobionate) ◦ Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL (as stearate or ethylsuccinate) ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg (as stearate or ethylsuccinate)	**Second choice** Therapeutic equivalent to clarithromycin for Acute pharyngitis **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Ethambutol

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1000 mg per 10 mL; 2000 mg per 20 mL ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 100 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 100 mg (hydrochloride); 400 mg (hydrochloride)	Other specified tuberculosis Tuberculosis

Ethambutol + isoniazid

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid: 400 mg + 150 mg tablet	Tuberculosis

Ethambutol + isoniazid + pyrazinamide + rifampicin

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid: 275 mg + 75 mg + 400 mg + 150 mg tablet	Tuberculosis

Ethambutol + isoniazid + rifampicin

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid: 275 mg + 75 mg + 150 mg tablet	Tuberculosis

Ethionamide

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 125 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 250 mg	Tuberculous meningitis Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Fexinidazole

Section	Indications
Medicines for the treatment of 1st stage African trypanosomiasis ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 600 mg ◦ Oral > Solid: 600 mg	Rhodesiense trypanosomiasis Gambiense trypanosomiasis
Medicines for the treatment of 2nd stage African trypanosomiasis ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 600 mg ◦ Oral > Solid: 600 mg	Rhodesiense trypanosomiasis Gambiense trypanosomiasis

Fifth generation cephalosporins

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ .	Other specified bacterial diseases

Flomoxef

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 0.5 g in vial powder for injection; 1 g in vial powder for injection	Other specified other antibiotic resistant Enterobacterales

Flucloxacillin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics	**First choice** Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Bacterial infection of joint Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Osteomyelitis or osteitis Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Bacterial cellulitis, erysipelas or lymphangitis **Second choice** Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Sepsis without septic shock

Fluconazole

Section	Indications
Antifungal medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 2 mg per mL in vial ◦ Oral > Liquid: 50 mg per 5 mL; 50 mg per 5 mL powder for oral liquid ◦ Oral > Solid > capsule: 50 mg	Cryptococcosis Candidosis

Flucytosine

Section	Indications
Antifungal medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 2.5 g per 250 mL infusion ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg capsule	Cryptococcosis

Fosfomycin (injection)

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 2 g in vial (as sodium) powder for injection; 4 g in vial (as sodium) powder for injection	Other specified bacterial diseases Carbapenem resistant Acinetobacter baumannii Carbapenem-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa Other carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales

Fourth generation cephalosporins

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ .	Other specified bacterial diseases

Gatifloxacin

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid: 200 mg; 400 mg	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Gentamicin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 10 mg per mL in 2 mL vial (as sulfate); 40 mg per mL in 2 mL vial (as sulfate)	**First choice** Neonatal meningitis Sepsis without septic shock Sepsis without septic shock Sepsis without septic shock co-prescribed with amoxicillin Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children] co-prescribed with ampicillin Acute malnutrition in infants, children or adolescents (complicated) [children] co-prescribed with ampicillin Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children] co-prescribed with ampicillin Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate) co-prescribed with ampicillin Peritoneal abscess (severe) co-prescribed with ampicillin Peritonitis (mild-moderate) co-prescribed with ampicillin Peritonitis (severe) co-prescribed with benzylpenicillin Acute malnutrition in infants, children or adolescents (complicated) [children] co-prescribed with benzylpenicillin Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - severe) [children] **Second choice** Other specified prophylactic measures Gonococcal infection **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Glecaprevir + pibrentasvir

Section	Indications
Medicines for hepatitis C > Pangenotypic direct-acting antiviral combinations ◦ Oral > Solid: 50 mg + 20 mg granules ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 100 mg + 40 mg	Chronic hepatitis C

Griseofulvin

Section	Indications
Antifungal medicines ◦ Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL ◦ Oral > Solid: 125 mg; 250 mg	Dermatophytosis

Hydroxychloroquine

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for chemoprevention	Therapeutic equivalent to chloroquine for Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum

Imipenem + cilastatin

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 250 mg (as monohydrate) + 250 mg (as sodium salt) powder for injection; 500 mg (as monohydrate) + 500 mg (as sodium salt) powder for injection	**Second choice** Therapeutic equivalent to meropenem for Peritoneal abscess (severe) Therapeutic equivalent to meropenem for Neutropaenia (high-risk) Therapeutic equivalent to meropenem for Peritonitis (severe) **Other indications** Pseudomonas aeruginosa resistant to other antibiotic Antibiotic resistant Acinetobacter baumannii
Antituberculosis medicines	Therapeutic equivalent to meropenem for Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Imipenem + cilastatin + relebactam

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500 mg + 500 mg + 250 mg powder for injection ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500 mg (as monohydrate) + 500 mg (as sodium) + 250 mg (as monohydrate) powder for injection	Other specified other antibiotic resistant Enterobacterales Carbapenem-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa Other carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales

Indinavir

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Protease inhibitors ◦ Oral > Solid: 400 mg (as sulfate)	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Isoniazid

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 100 mg per mL ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 100 mg (scored) ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 100 mg; 300 mg	Other specified tuberculosis Tuberculosis

Isoniazid + pyrazinamide + rifampicin

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 50 mg + 150 mg + 75 mg	Tuberculosis

Isoniazid + pyridoxine + sulfamethoxazole + trimethoprim

Section	Indications
Medicines for prevention of HIV-related opportunistic infections ◦ Oral > Solid: 300 mg + 25 mg + 800 mg + 160 mg tablet (scored)	Other specified prophylactic measures

Isoniazid + rifampicin

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 50 mg + 75 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 75 mg + 150 mg; 150 mg + 300 mg	Tuberculosis

Isoniazid + rifapentine

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid: 300 mg + 300 mg tablet (scored)	Latent tuberculosis

Itraconazole

Section	Indications
Antifungal medicines ◦ Oral > Liquid: 10 mg per mL ◦ Oral > Solid: 100 mg	Chronic pulmonary aspergillosis Paracoccidioidomycosis Sporotrichosis Histoplasmosis Talaromycosis Chromoblastomycosis

Ivermectin

Section	Indications
Intestinal anthelminthics ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 3 mg	Hookworm diseases Strongyloidiasis Trichuriasis Ancylostomiasis Ascariasis
Antifilarials ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 3 mg	Lymphatic filariasis Onchocerciasis
Medicines for ectoparasitic infections ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 3 mg	Scabies

Kanamycin (injection)

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1000 mg powder for injection (vial)	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Lamivudine

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Nucleoside/Nucleotide reverse transcriptase inhibitors ◦ Oral > Liquid: 50 mg per 5 mL ◦ Oral > Solid: 150 mg tablet	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Lamivudine + nevirapine + zidovudine

Section	Indications
Fixed-dose combinations of antiretrovirals ◦ Oral > Solid: 30 mg + 50 mg + 60 mg Tablet; 150 mg + 200 mg + 300 mg Tablet	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Lamivudine + tenofovir

Section	Indications
Fixed-dose combinations of antiretrovirals	Therapeutic equivalent to emtricitabine + tenofovir for Contact with or exposure to human immunodeficiency virus Therapeutic equivalent to emtricitabine + tenofovir for Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Lamivudine + zidovudine

Section	Indications
Fixed-dose combinations of antiretrovirals ◦ Oral > Solid: 30 mg + 60 mg Tablet; 150 mg + 300 mg Tablet	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Ledipasvir + sofosbuvir

Section	Indications
Medicines for hepatitis C > Non-pangenotypic direct-acting antiviral combinations ◦ Oral > Solid: 90 mg + 400 mg tablet	Chronic hepatitis C

Levamisole

Section	Indications
Intestinal anthelminthics ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 50 mg (as hydrochloride); 150 mg (as hydrochloride)	Ascariasis

Levofloxacin

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 100 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 250 mg; 500 mg; 750 mg	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Linezolid

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 2 mg per mL in 300 mL bag ◦ Oral > Liquid: 100 mg per 5 mL powder for oral liquid ◦ Oral > Solid: 400 mg tablet; 600 mg tablet ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 150 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 600 mg	Other specified bacterial diseases Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus Vancomycin resistant Staphylococcus aureus Vancomycin resistant Enterococcus
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 150 mg (scored) ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 600 mg	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Lopinavir + ritonavir

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Protease inhibitors ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 100 mg + 25 mg tablet (heat-stable); 200 mg + 50 mg tablet (heat-stable) ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 40 mg + 10 mg	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Mebendazole

Section	Indications
Intestinal anthelminthics ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 100 mg (chewable); 500 mg (chewable)	Hookworm diseases Trichuriasis Ascariasis Enterobiasis
Cysticidal medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 100 mg (chewable); 500 mg (chewable)	Other specified echinococcosis

Mefloquine

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for curative treatment ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg tablet (hydrochloride)	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for chemoprophylaxis in travellers ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 250 mg (scored) (as hydrochloride)	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for chemoprevention ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg tablet (hydrochloride)	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum

Meglumine antimoniate

Section	Indications
Antileishmaniasis medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IM: 1.5 g per 5 mL in 5 mL ampoule	Visceral leishmaniasis Mucocutaneous leishmaniasis Cutaneous leishmaniasis

Melarsoprol

Section	Indications
Medicines for the treatment of 2nd stage African trypanosomiasis ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 3.6% in 5 mL ampoule solution (180 mg of active compound)	Gambiense trypanosomiasis Rhodesiense trypanosomiasis

Meropenem

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500 mg in vial (as trihydrate) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as trihydrate) powder for injection	**Second choice** Neonatal meningitis Peritoneal abscess (severe) Neutropaenia (high-risk) Peritonitis (severe)
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500 mg in vial (as trihydrate) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as trihydrate) powder for injection	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Meropenem + vaborbactam

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1 g in vial + 1 g in vial powder for injection	Carbapenem-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa Carbapenem resistant Acinetobacter baumannii Other carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales Carbapenem resistant Klebsiella pneumoniae Carbapenem resistant Escherichia coli

Meticillin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics	**First choice** Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Bacterial infection of joint Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Osteomyelitis or osteitis Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Bacterial cellulitis, erysipelas or lymphangitis **Second choice** Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Sepsis without septic shock

Metronidazole

Section	Indications
Antiamoebic and antigiardiasis medicines ◦ Oral > Liquid: 200 mg per 5 mL (as benzoate) ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 500 mg in 100 mL vial ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 200 mg; 250 mg; 400 mg; 500 mg	Amoebiasis

Access group antibiotics

- Oral > Liquid: 200 mg per 5 mL (as benzoate)
- Local > Rectal > Suppository: 500 mg; 1 g
- Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 500 mg per 100 mL in vial
- Oral > Solid > tablet: 200 mg; 250 mg; 400 mg; 500 mg
- Oral > Solid > tablet: 500 mg; 200 mg; 250 mg; 400 mg
- Oral > Solid: 200 to 500 mg tablet
- Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 500 mg per 100 mL in vial Injection

First choice

Trichomoniasis

Intestinal infections due to Clostridioides difficile

Necrotising fasciitis

co-prescribed with cefazolin

Other specified prophylactic measures

co-prescribed with cefotaxime

Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate)

co-prescribed with cefotaxime

Peritoneal abscess (severe)

co-prescribed with cefotaxime

Peritonitis (mild-moderate)

co-prescribed with cefotaxime

Peritonitis (severe)

co-prescribed with ceftriaxone

Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate)

co-prescribed with ceftriaxone

Peritoneal abscess (severe)

co-prescribed with ceftriaxone

Peritonitis (mild-moderate)

co-prescribed with ceftriaxone

Peritonitis (severe)

Second choice

co-prescribed with ciprofloxacin

Peritoneal abscess (mild-moderate)

co-prescribed with ciprofloxacin

Peritonitis (mild-moderate)

Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Micafungin

Section	Indications
Antifungal medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 50 mg in vial (as sodium) powder for injection; 100 mg in vial (as sodium) powder for injection	Systemic or invasive candidosis

Miltefosine

Section	Indications
Antileishmaniasis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid: 10 mg; 50 mg	Visceral leishmaniasis Cutaneous leishmaniasis Mucocutaneous leishmaniasis

Moxidectin

Section	Indications
Antifilarials ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 2 mg	Therapeutic equivalent to ivermectin for Lymphatic filariasis Therapeutic equivalent to ivermectin for Onchocerciasis

Moxifloxacin

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 100 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 400 mg	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis Tuberculosis

Nafcillin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics	**First choice** Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Bacterial infection of joint Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Osteomyelitis or osteitis Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Bacterial cellulitis, erysipelas or lymphangitis **Second choice** Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Sepsis without septic shock

Nalidixic acid

Section	Indications
Anti-infective medicines ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg; 500 mg	Shigella resistant to unspecified antibiotic

Nelfinavir

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Protease inhibitors ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg (as mesilate) ◦ Oral > Other: 50 mg per g oral powder	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Nevirapine

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors ◦ Oral > Liquid: 50 mg per 5 mL ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 50 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 200 mg	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Niclosamide

Section	Indications
Intestinal anthelminthics ◦ Oral > Solid: 500 mg tablet (chewable)	Hymenolepiasis Diphyllobothriasis Taeniasis due to Taenia saginata Taeniasis due to Taenia solium

Nifurtimox

Section	Indications
American trypanosomiasis ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 30 mg (scored); 120 mg (scored)	Chagas disease
Medicines for the treatment of 2nd stage African trypanosomiasis ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 30 mg (scored); 120 mg (scored)	Gambiense trypanosomiasis

Nitrofurantoin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Oral > Liquid: 25 mg per 5 mL oral liquid ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 100 mg; 50 mg	**First choice** Infectious cystitis

Nystatin

Section	Indications
Antifungal medicines ◦ Oral > Liquid: 100000 IU per mL ◦ Local > Topical > Other: 100000 IU pessary ◦ Oral > Solid > dosage form: 500000 IU ◦ Oral > Solid > lozenge: 100000 IU	Candidosis

Ofloxacin

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid: 200 mg; 400 mg	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Omadacycline

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 100 mg lyophilized powder for injection ◦ Oral > Solid: 300 mg	Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus

Ombitasvir + paritaprevir + ritonavir

Section	Indications
Medicines for hepatitis C > Non-pangenotypic direct-acting antiviral combinations ◦ Oral > Solid: 12.5 mg + 75 mg + 50 mg tablet	Chronic hepatitis C

Oseltamivir

Section	Indications
Other antivirals ◦ Oral > Liquid: 6 mg per mL (as phosphate) powder for oral liquid ◦ Oral > Solid: 30 mg capsule (as phosphate); 45 mg capsule (as phosphate); 75 mg capsule (as phosphate)	Influenza due to identified seasonal influenza virus

Oxacillin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics	**First choice** Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Bacterial infection of joint Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Osteomyelitis or osteitis Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Bacterial cellulitis, erysipelas or lymphangitis **Second choice** Therapeutic equivalent to cloxacillin for Sepsis without septic shock

Oxamniquine

Section	Indications
Antischistosomals and other antitrematode medicines ◦ Oral > Liquid: 250 mg per 5 mL ◦ Oral > Solid > capsule: 250 mg	Schistosomiasis due to Schistosoma mansoni

Oxazolindinones

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ .	Other specified bacterial diseases

P-aminosalicylate sodium

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Liquid: 5.52 g in sachet (equivalent to 4 g p-aminosalicylic acid) powder for oral solution	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

P-aminosalicylic acid

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid: 4 g granules in sachet	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Paromomycin

Section	Indications
Antileishmaniasis medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IM: 750 mg paromomycin base (as sulfate)	Visceral leishmaniasis
Antiamoebic and antigiardiasis medicines ◦ Oral > Liquid: 125 mg per 5 mL as sulfate ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg as sulfate	Amoebiasis

Pegylated interferon alfa (2a)

Section	Indications
Medicines for hepatitis C > Other antivirals for hepatitis C ◦ Parenteral > General injections > SC: 180 µg in vial; 180 µg in prefilled syringe	Chronic hepatitis C

Pegylated interferon alfa (2b)

Section	Indications
Medicines for hepatitis C > Other antivirals for hepatitis C ◦ Parenteral > General injections > SC: 80 µg in prefilled syringe; 100 µg in prefilled syringe	Chronic hepatitis C

Pentamidine

Section	Indications
Antileishmaniasis medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IM: 200 mg (as isetionate); 300 mg (as isetionate)	Visceral leishmaniasis
Medicines for the treatment of 1st stage African trypanosomiasis ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IM: 300 mg in vial (as isetionate) powder for injection	Gambiense trypanosomiasis
Antipneumocystosis and antitoxoplasmosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 200 mg (as isethionate); 300 mg (as isethionate)	Pneumocystosis

Phenoxymethylpenicillin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Oral > Liquid: 250 mg per 5 mL (as potassium salt) powder for oral liquid ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg (as potassium salt); 500 mg (as potassium salt) ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg (as potassium salt) tablet	**First choice** Bacterial pneumonia (Community-acquired pneumonia - mild to moderate) Periapical abscess without sinus Acute pharyngitis **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Piperacillin + tazobactam

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 2 g (as sodium salt) + 250 mg (as sodium salt) powder for injection; 4 g (as sodium salt) + 500 mg (as sodium salt) powder for injection	**First choice** Other specified pneumonia (Hospital-acquired pneumonia) Neutropaenia (high-risk) Peritoneal abscess (severe) Peritonitis (severe) co-prescribed with clindamycin Necrotising fasciitis

Plazomicin

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500 mg per 10 mL	Carbapenem resistant Acinetobacter baumannii Carbapenem-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa Other carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales Carbapenem resistant Escherichia coli Carbapenem resistant Klebsiella pneumoniae

Polymyxin B (injection)

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 500000 IU in vial powder for injection (equivalent to 50 mg polymyxin B base)	Carbapenem-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa Carbapenem resistant Acinetobacter baumannii Other carbapenem resistant Enterobacterales Carbapenem resistant Klebsiella pneumoniae Carbapenem resistant Escherichia coli

Polymyxins

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ .	Other specified bacterial diseases

Potassium iodide

Section	Indications
Antifungal medicines ◦ Local > Topical > Solution: Saturated solution	Sporotrichosis

Praziquantel

Section	Indications
Cysticidal medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 600 mg (scored); 500 mg; 150 mg	Cysticercosis of central nervous system
Antischistosomals and other antitrematode medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 600 mg (scored); 500 mg; 150 mg	Paragonimiasis Clonorchiasis Opisthorchiasis Schistosomiasis
Intestinal anthelminthics ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 600 mg (scored); 500 mg; 150 mg	Diphyllobothriasis Taeniasis due to Taenia saginata Hymenolepiasis Taeniasis due to Taenia solium

Pretomanid

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 200 mg	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Primaquine

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for curative treatment ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 7.5 mg (as phosphate); 15 mg (as phosphate)	Malaria due to Plasmodium ovale Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax

Procaine benzylpenicillin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IM: 1 g in vial (=1 million IU) powder for injection; 3 g in vial (=3 million IU) powder for injection	**First choice** Congenital syphilis [children] **Second choice** Syphilis

Proguanil

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for chemoprevention ◦ Oral > Solid: 100 mg tablet (hydrochloride)	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum

Protionamide

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 250 mg (scored)	Therapeutic equivalent to ethionamide for Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Pyrantel

Section	Indications
Intestinal anthelminthics ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 250 mg (chewable) (as embonate or pamoate)	Hookworm diseases Trichuriasis Ascariasis Enterobiasis

Pyrazinamide

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 150 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 400 mg; 500 mg	Tuberculosis

Pyrimethamine

Section	Indications
Antipneumocystosis and antitoxoplasmosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid: 25 mg	Toxoplasmosis

Quinine

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for curative treatment ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 300 mg per mL in 2 mL ampoule (hydrochloride) solution for infusion; 60 mg per mL in 2 mL ampoule (hydrochloride) solution for infusion	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum

Raltegravir

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Integrase inhibitors ◦ Oral > Liquid: 100 mg granules for oral suspension ◦ Oral > Solid: 400 mg tablet; 25 mg tablet (chewable)	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Ravidasvir

Section	Indications
Medicines for hepatitis C > Pangenotypic direct-acting antiviral combinations ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 200 mg	Chronic hepatitis C

Ribavirin

Section	Indications
Other antivirals ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1000 mg per 10 mL phosphate buffer solution; 800 mg per 10 mL phosphate buffer solution ◦ Oral > Solid: 200 mg; 400 mg; 600 mg	Viral haemorrhagic fever, not elsewhere classified
Medicines for hepatitis C > Other antivirals for hepatitis C ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1000 mg per 10 mL phosphate buffer solution; 800 mg per 10 mL phosphate buffer solution ◦ Oral > Solid: 200 mg; 400 mg; 600 mg	Chronic hepatitis C

Rifabutin

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid: 150 mg	Tuberculosis

Rifampicin

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 600 mg in vial powder for injection ◦ Oral > Liquid: 20 mg per mL ◦ Oral > Solid: 150 mg; 300 mg	Other specified tuberculosis Tuberculosis
Antileprosy medicines ◦ Oral > Liquid: 20 mg per mL ◦ Oral > Solid: 150 mg; 300 mg	Leprosy

Rifapentine

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 150 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 150 mg; 300 mg	Latent tuberculosis Tuberculosis

Ritonavir

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Protease inhibitors ◦ Oral > Solid: 25 mg tablet (heat stable); 100 mg tablet (heat stable)	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Saquinavir

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Protease inhibitors ◦ Oral > Solid: 200 mg; 500 mg	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Simeprevir

Section	Indications
Medicines for hepatitis C > Non-pangenotypic direct-acting antiviral combinations ◦ Oral > Solid: 150 mg	Chronic hepatitis C

Sodium stibogluconate

Section	Indications
Antileishmaniasis medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 100 mg per mL in 30 mL vial	Visceral leishmaniasis Mucocutaneous leishmaniasis Cutaneous leishmaniasis

Sofosbuvir

Section	Indications
Medicines for hepatitis C > Pangenotypic direct-acting antiviral combinations ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 200 mg; 400 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > granules: 200 mg in sachet	Chronic hepatitis C

Sofosbuvir + velpatasvir

Section	Indications
Medicines for hepatitis C > Pangenotypic direct-acting antiviral combinations ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 200 mg + 50 mg; 400 mg + 100 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > granules: 150 mg + 37.5 mg in sachet; 200 mg + 50 mg in sachet	Chronic hepatitis C

Spectinomycin

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 2 g in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection	**Second choice** Gonococcal infection **Other indications** Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Stavudine

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Nucleoside/Nucleotide reverse transcriptase inhibitors ◦ Oral > Liquid: 5 mg per 5 mL powder for oral solution ◦ Oral > Solid: 15 mg; 20 mg; 30 mg	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified

Streptomycin (injection)

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1 g powder for injection (as sulfate) as vial	Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Sulfadiazine

Section	Indications
Antipneumocystosis and antitoxoplasmosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid: 500 mg	Toxoplasmosis
Anti-infective medicines ◦ Oral > Solid: 500 mg ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 250 mg in 4 mL ampoule (sodium salt)	Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Sulfadimidine

Section	Indications
Anti-infective medicines ◦ Oral > Liquid: 500 mg per 5 mL ◦ Oral > Solid: 500 mg ◦ Parenteral > General injections > unspecified: 1 g in 3 mL ampoule (sodium salt)	Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Sulfadoxine + pyrimethamine

Section	Indications
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for chemoprevention ◦ Oral > Solid: 500 mg + 25 mg tablet ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 250 mg + 12.5 mg tablet	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Malaria
Antimalarial medicines > Medicines for curative treatment ◦ Oral > Solid: 500 mg + 25 mg tablet	Malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax

Sulfamethoxazole + trimethoprim

Section	Indications
Antipneumocystosis and antitoxoplasmosis medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 80 mg + 16 mg per mL in 5 mL ampoule; 80 mg + 16 mg per mL in 10 mL ampoule ◦ Oral > Liquid: 200 mg + 40 mg per 5 mL oral liquid ◦ Oral > Solid: 100 mg + 20 mg tablet; 400 mg + 80 mg tablet; 800 mg + 160 mg tablet ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 100 mg + 20 mg	Pneumocystosis
Access group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 80 mg + 16 mg per mL in 10 mL ampoule; 80 mg + 16 mg per mL in 5 mL ampoule ◦ Oral > Liquid: 200 mg + 40 mg per 5 mL oral liquid ◦ Oral > Solid: 100 mg + 20 mg tablet; 400 mg + 80 mg tablet; 800 mg + 160 mg tablet ◦ Oral > Solid > dispersible tablet: 100 mg + 20 mg ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 80 mg + 16 mg per mL in 5 mL ampoule; 80 mg + 16 mg per mL in 10 mL ampoule	**First choice** Infectious cystitis **Second choice** Infectious gastroenteritis or colitis without specification of infectious agent Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Suramin sodium

Section	Indications
Medicines for the treatment of 1st stage African trypanosomiasis ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1 g in vial	Rhodesiense trypanosomiasis
Antifilarials ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 1 g in vial	Filariasis

Tedizolid

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics	Therapeutic equivalent to linezolid for Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus Therapeutic equivalent to linezolid for Vancomycin resistant Staphylococcus aureus Therapeutic equivalent to linezolid for Vancomycin resistant Enterococcus

Tenofovir alafenamide

Section	Indications
Medicines for hepatitis B > Nucleoside/Nucleotide reverse transcriptase inhibitors ◦ Oral > Solid: 25 mg	Chronic hepatitis B

Tenofovir disoproxil fumarate

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Nucleoside/Nucleotide reverse transcriptase inhibitors ◦ Oral > Solid: 300 mg tablet (equivalent to 245 mg tenofovir disoproxil)	Contact with or exposure to human immunodeficiency virus Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified
Medicines for hepatitis B > Nucleoside/Nucleotide reverse transcriptase inhibitors ◦ Oral > Solid: 300 mg tablet (equivalent to 245 mg tenofovir disoproxil)	Chronic hepatitis B

Terizidone

Section	Indications
Antituberculosis medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > capsule: 250 mg	Therapeutic equivalent to cycloserine for Multi-drug resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Tetracycline

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Oral > Solid: 250 mg (hydrochloride)	Bacterial infection of unspecified site

Tigecycline

Section	Indications
Reserve group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 50 mg in vial powder for injection	Other specified bacterial diseases

Tinidazole

Section	Indications
Antiamoebic and antigiardiasis medicines	Therapeutic equivalent to metronidazole for Amoebiasis

Triclabendazole

Section	Indications
Antischistosomals and other antitrematode medicines ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 250 mg (scored)	Paragonimiasis Fascioliasis

Trimethoprim

Section	Indications
Access group antibiotics ◦ Oral > Liquid: 50 mg per mL ◦ Oral > Solid: 100 mg; 200 mg	**First choice** Infectious cystitis

Valganciclovir

Section	Indications
Other antivirals ◦ Oral > Liquid: 50 mg per mL (as hydrochloride) powder for oral solution ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 450 mg (as hydrochloride)	Cytomegaloviral retinitis

Vancomycin

Section	Indications
Watch group antibiotics ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 250 mg in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection ◦ Oral > Solid > capsule: 125 mg (as hydrochloride); 250 mg (as hydrochloride) ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 250 mg in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection; 500 mg in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection ◦ Parenteral > Locoregional injections > Intravitreal: 250 mg in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection; 500 mg in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection; 1 g in vial (as hydrochloride) powder for injection	**First choice** Necrotising fasciitis co-prescribed with ceftazidime Endophthalmitis co-prescribed with ceftriaxone Endophthalmitis **Second choice** Intestinal infections due to Clostridioides difficile Neutropaenia (high-risk) **Other indications** Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus

Voriconazole

Section	Indications
Antifungal medicines ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 200 mg in vial powder for injection ◦ Oral > Liquid: 40 mg per mL powder for oral liquid ◦ Oral > Solid: 50 mg tablet; 200 mg tablet	Chronic pulmonary aspergillosis Invasive aspergillosis

Zidovudine

Section	Indications
Antiretrovirals > Nucleoside/Nucleotide reverse transcriptase inhibitors ◦ Parenteral > General injections > IV: 10 mg per mL in 20 mL vial solution for IV infusion ◦ Oral > Liquid: 50 mg per 5 mL ◦ Oral > Solid > tablet: 300 mg ◦ Oral > Solid > capsule: 250 mg	Human immunodeficiency virus disease without mention of tuberculosis or malaria, clinical stage unspecified