# Nalidixic acid

NOT RECOMMENDED AS AN ESSENTIAL MEDICINE

Section: 6. Anti-infective medicines

Codes ATC: J01MB02

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| **Indication** | Shigella resistant to unspecified antibiotic Code ICD11: MG50.AZ |
| **INN** | Nalidixic acid |
| **Type de médicament** | Chemical agent |
| **Groupes d'antibiotiques** | WATCH |
| **Type de liste** | Liste de base |
| **Formulations** | **Oral > Solid:** 250 mg ; 500 mg |
| **Historique des statuts LME** | Ajouté pour la première fois en 1993 (TRS 850)<br>Modifié en 1995 (TRS 867)<br>Retiré en 2005 (TRS 933) |
| **Sexe** | Tous |
| **Âge** | Adolescents et adultes |
| **Équivalence thérapeutique** | La recommandation concerne ce médicament spécifique |
| **Renseignements sur le brevet** | Patents have expired in most jurisdictions<br>Lire la suite sur les brevets. |
| **Wikipédia** | Nalidixic acid |
| **DrugBank** | Nalidixic acid |

## Résumé des preuves et recommandation du comité d'experts

During its meeting in 2003, the Committee recommended that nalidixic acid be reviewed for possible fast-track deletion at the meeting in 2005. Reviews were received from the ISDB and Medicines Sans Frontieres, and a comment was received from the WHO Department of Child and Adolescent Health and Development, all supporting the deletion of this item from the Model List. The Committee noted that there was no strong evidence on the efficacy of nalidixic acid in the treatment of urinary tract infections. Both ISDB and MSF indicated that antibacterial resistance to nalidixic acid developed quickly, and this may induce resistance to other quinolone such as ciprofloxacin (1). The WHO Department of Child and Adolescent Health and Development stated that ciprofloxacin is now the recommended first-line antibiotic for treating shigellosis, and that the use of nalidixic acid should be discontinued even in areas where it is still effective against Shigella (2). The Committee also. noted that the cost/DDD of nalidixic acid is higher than that of ciprofloxacin (MSP US$ 0.3488 and MAP US$ 0.4488 for nalidixic acid versus MSP US$ 0.0618 and MAP US$ 9,0890 for ciprofloxacin) (3). The Committee recommended that nalidixic acid be deleted from the Model List because of lack of evidence of efficacy in current practice and the availability of better alternatives. References: 1. Sack et al. Antimicrobial resistance in shigellosis, cholera, and campylobacteriosis. Geneva, World Health Organization, 2001. 2. Antibiotics in the management of shigellosis. WHO Weekly Epidemiological Record, 2004, 79:355–356. 3. MSH. International drug price indicator guide, 2003 (http://erc.msh.org/ dmpguide/, accessed 30 January 2005).

