

EMLc

ATC codes: P01BA06

|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Indication               | Malaria due to Plasmodium vivax <span style="background-color: #00aaff; color: white; border-radius: 5px; padding: 2px;">ICD11 code: 1F81</span>  |
| INN                      | Amodiaquine   |
| Medicine type            | Chemical agent  |
| List type                | Core (EML) (EMLc)   |
| Additional notes         | To be used in combination with artesunate 50 mg   |
| Formulations             | Oral > Solid: 153 mg (as hydrochloride) ; 200 mg (as hydrochloride)   |
| EML status history       | First added in 1977 (TRS 615)<br>Removed in 1979 (TRS 641)<br>Added in 1982 (TRS 685)<br>Changed in 1984 (TRS 722)<br>Removed in 1987 (TRS 770)<br>Added in 2003 (TRS 920)<br>Changed in 2007 (TRS 946)<br>Changed in 2007 (TRS 950)<br>Changed in 2011 (TRS 965) |
| Sex                      | All   |
| Age                      | Also recommended for children   |
| Therapeutic alternatives | The recommendation is for this specific medicine  |
| Patent information       | Patents have expired in most jurisdictions<br>Read more <a href="#">about patents</a> .    |
| Wikipedia                | <a href="#">Amodiaquine</a>    |
| DrugBank                 | <a href="#">Amodiaquine</a>    |

### Summary of evidence and Expert Committee recommendations

Note specifying that amodiaquine alone can be used for the treatment of *P. vivax*, *P. ovale*, and *P. malariae* was deleted.  
Amodiaquine should be used in combination with artesunate 50 mg.

