




EMLc

ATC codes: C03CA01

Indication	Oedema ICD11 code: MG29.Z
INN	Furosemide
Medicine type	Chemical agent
List type	Core
Formulations	Parenteral > General injections > IV: 10 mg per mL in 2 mL ampoule Oral > Liquid: 20 mg per 5 mL (EMLc) Oral > Solid: 40 mg ; 10 mg (EMLc) ; 20 mg (EMLc)
EML status history	First added in 1977 (TRS 615) Changed in 1979 (TRS 641) Changed in 2007 (TRS 950)
Sex	All
Age	Also recommended for children
Therapeutic equivalence	Medicines within the same pharmacological class can be used
Therapeutic equivalence limitations for EMLc	The square box does not apply to the listing of furosemide on the EMLc.
Patent information	Patents have expired in most jurisdictions Read more about patents . 
Wikipedia	Furosemide 
DrugBank	Furosemide 

Summary of evidence and Expert Committee recommendations

The EMLc Subcommittee considered that diuretics were essential for use in children in the treatment of ascites, acute or chronic renal failure or acute glomerulonephritis. Nephrotic syndrome oedema responds poorly to diuresis, and loop diuretics may be hazardous because patients are often volume-depleted despite oedema. The Subcommittee endorsed the inclusion of furosemide on the core list of the EMLc, including lower strength tablets (10 mg and 20 mg) and an oral liquid (20 mg/5 mL) formulation.

